

Ambiguous Figures

Part A.

Examine the following optical illusions, and answer the questions.

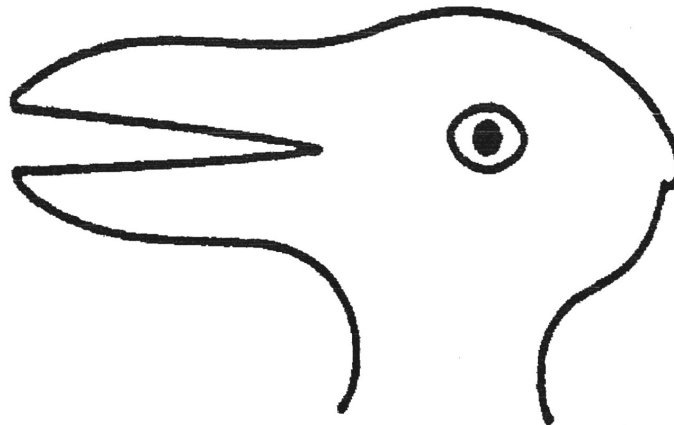
Optical Illusion 1

Do you see an old woman or a young woman?



Optical Illusion 2

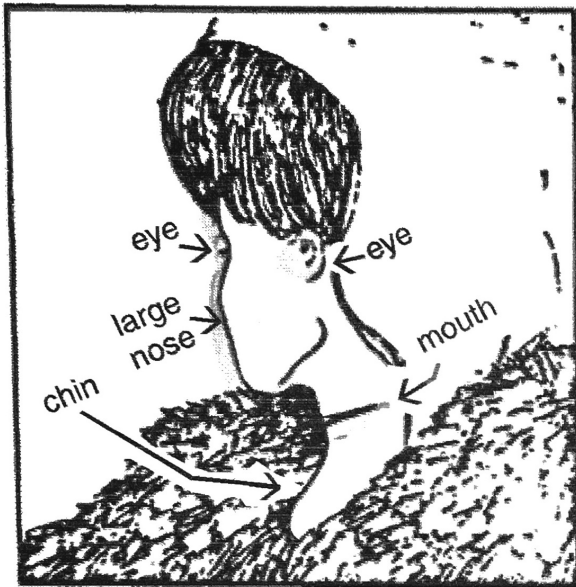
Do you see a duck or a rabbit?



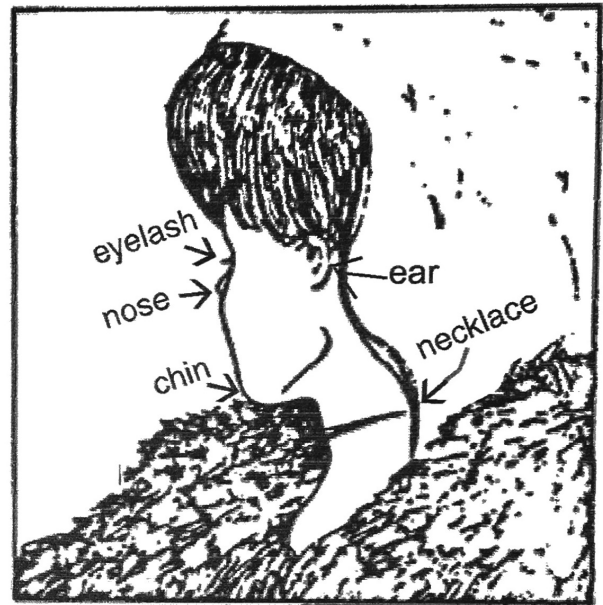
Part B.

Use the following sketches to help you see both images in each illusion.

Optical Illusion 1

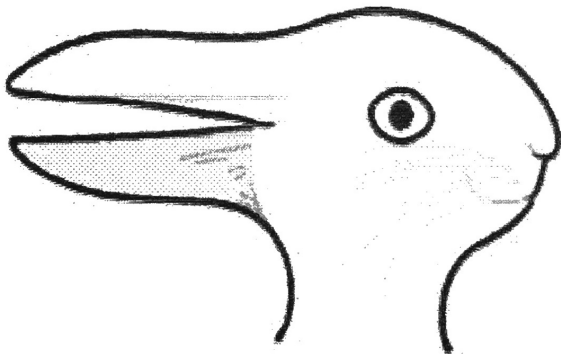


Old Woman

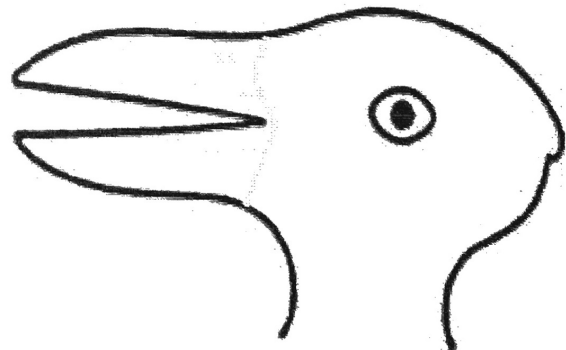


Young Woman

Optical Illusion 2



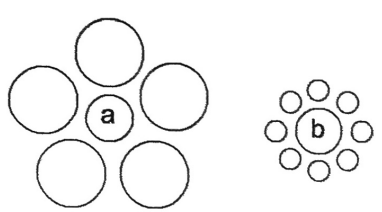
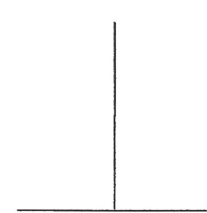
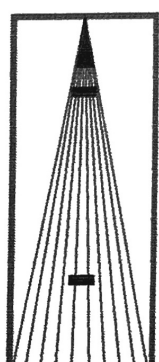
Rabbit




Duck

Optical Illusions

Examine each illusion in the left column. Work with a partner to write a possible explanation for the illusion and a possible application of the illusion. The first one is done for you.

Illusion	Explanation	Application
<p>1. Size</p> <p>Which of the center circles is larger?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">  </div>	<p>Larger objects surrounding an object make it look smaller in comparison to the same image surrounded by smaller objects.</p>	<p>If a movie director wanted a leading actor to look taller than the actor actually was, the director might choose all the other people in the film to be shorter than the leading actor.</p>
<p>2. Vertical/Horizontal</p> <p>Which line is longer?</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>		
<p>3. Linear Perspective</p> <p>Which rectangle is larger?</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>		

Illusion	Explanation	Application
<p>4. Figure/Ground</p> <p>What is this?</p> 		
<p>5. Closure</p> <p>What shape do you see?</p> 