Name Date Class Period

LESSON QUIZ 90

FOR USE WITH CHAPTER 31, LESSON 1

I. Directions In the space provided, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

_____ **1.** A warning of heart distress that occurs when atherosclerosis blocks arteries to the heart is called

a. heart attack
b. fibrillation
c. angina pectoris
d. stroke

_____ **2.** The condition in which the artery walls become thicker and less elastic is called

a. hypertension
b. arteriosclerosis
c. cerebral hemorrhage
d. atherosclerosis

_____ **3.** A large vein from the leg is grafted onto the heart to allow blood to flow around obstructed areas in a procedure called

a. coronary bypass surgery
b. heart valve surgery
c. balloon angioplasty
d. coronary angiography

_____ **4.** A controllable risk factor for cardiovascular disease is

a. ethnicity
b. heredity
c. age
d. stress

_____ **5.** Which of the following statements is NOT true of noninfectious diseases?

a. many are treatable
b. some can be treated with surgery
c. they are linked to risk factors
d. they are transmitted by means of a pathogen

II. Directions Read each statement carefully. If the statement is true, place a plus (+) in the space provided. If the statement is false, cross out the italicized word(s) and write the correct word(s) in the space provided.

_____ **6.** The blocking or bursting of a diseased artery near the brain causes a *heart attack.*

_____ **7.** Years of arteriosclerosis and hypertension, or the use of certain illegal drugs can cause *congestive heart failure.*

_____ **8.** The phrase "silent killer" refers to *arteriosclerosis.*

_____ **9.** Ventricular *resuscitation* is also known as "cardiac arrest."

_____ **10.** High levels of *cholesterol* in the blood can lead to fatal blockages.

SCORE (number correct x 10 points): _____

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